

REGIONAL HOUSING NEEDS DETERMINATION (RHND) FROM HCD

What is the Regional Housing Needs Determination?

The California Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD) identifies the total number of homes for which each region in California must plan in order to meet the housing needs of people at all income levels. The total number of housing units from HCD is separated into four income categories that cover everything from housing for very low-income households all the way to market rate housing. ABAG is responsible for developing a methodology to allocate a portion of this housing need to every local government in the Bay Area.

The four income categories included in the RHND are:

- Above Moderate Income: 120% of the 2010 Census Median Income

		114,442
Low	14.9%	65,892
Moderate	16.5%	72,712
Above Moderate	42.6%	188,130
Total	100%	441,176

The methodology which will determine each local government's share of the overall regional housing needs is currently being developed and is slated for release in fall 2020.

How did HCD develop the RHND?

HCD is responsible for determining the number of housing units for which each region must plan, known as the Regional Housing Needs Determination (RHND). The RHND is based on a population forecast for the region from the California Department of Finance (DOF) and the application of specific adjustments to determine the total amount of housing needs for the region.

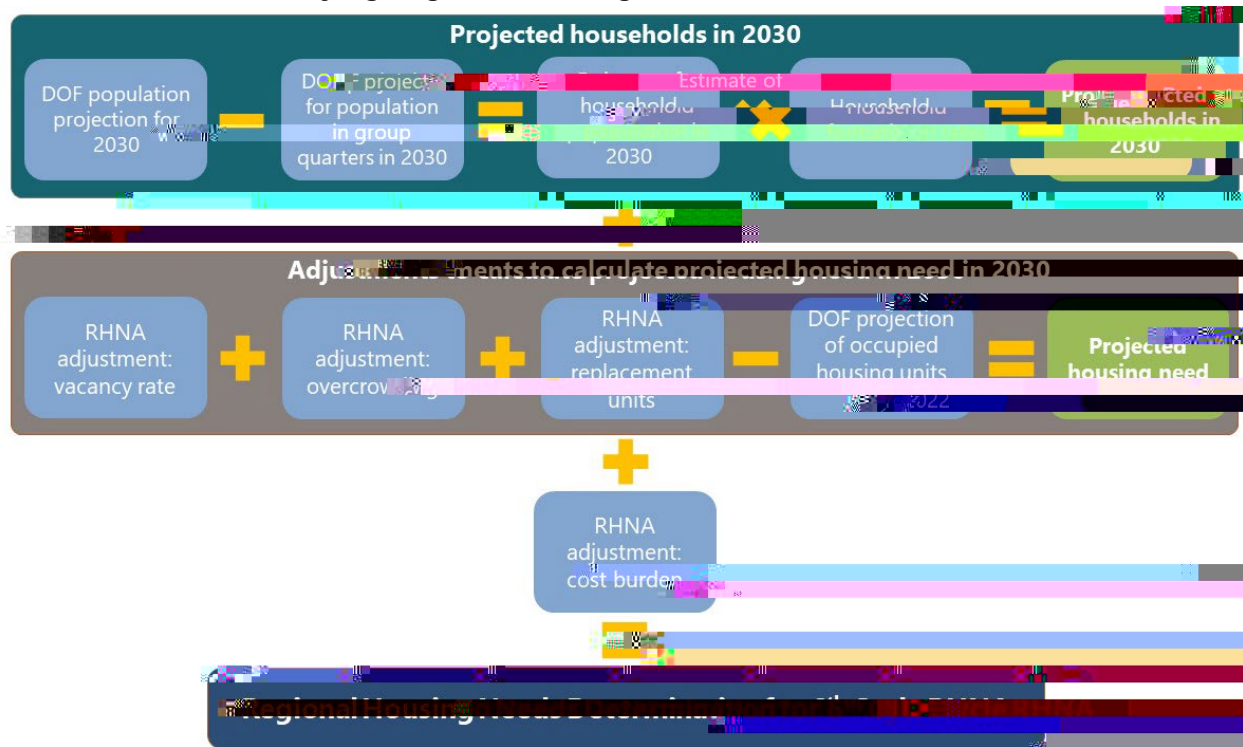
The adjustments are a result of recent legislation that sought to incorporate an estimate of existing housing need by applying factors related to:

- A target vacancy rate

- The rate of overcrowding, which is defined as having more than one person per room in each room in a dwelling.
- The share of cost burdened households, which is defined as households paying more than 30% of household income on housing costs.

The RHNA process only considers the needs of the population in households who are housed in the regular housing market, and excludes the population living in group quarters, which are non-household dwellings, such as jails, nursing homes, dorms, and military barracks. HCD uses the age cohorts of the forecasted population to understand the rates at which people are expected to form households, which can vary for people at different stages of life. This results in the estimate of the total number of households that will need a housing unit in 2030 (which is the end date of the projection period for the Bay Area's RHNA cycle).

HCD Process for Identifying Regional Housing Needs Determination (RHND)



The total number of projected households is then adjusted using the factors related to vacancy rate, overcrowding, and an estimate of the need for replacement housing for units that were demolished or lost. This results in a forecast of the number of housing units that will be needed to house all households in the region in 2031. The number of existing occupied housing units is subtracted from the total number of housing units needed, which results in the number of additional housing units necessary to meet the housing need. The final step is an adjustment related to cost-burdened households, which results in the RHND for the region.